

1. Let  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & -1 \\ -1 & 3 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ . Find  $A^{-1}$ , or indicate that it doesn't exist.

Show all your work.

$$\begin{aligned} & \left( \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 4 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right) \rightarrow \left( \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right) \rightarrow \left( \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & -2 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right) \\ & \rightarrow \left( \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \end{array} \right) \rightarrow \left( \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \end{array} \right) \rightarrow \left( \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1/5 & 1/5 & 1/5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \end{array} \right) \\ & \rightarrow \left( \begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 7/5 & -2/5 & -2/5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1/5 & 1/5 & 1/5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \end{array} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{so } A^{-1} &= \begin{pmatrix} 7/5 & -2/5 & -2/5 \\ -1/5 & 1/5 & 1/5 \\ 2 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 1.4 & -.4 & -.4 \\ -.2 & .2 & .2 \\ 2 & -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

2. If  $T : \mathbb{R}^a \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^b$  is a linear transformation, answer the following:

- (a) The matrix  $A$  for which  $T(\mathbf{x}) = A\mathbf{x}$  will be of what size?

$$b \times a$$

- (b) If  $T$  is onto, what can you say about the number of pivots of  $A$ ?

# of pivots =  $b$ , since  $A\vec{x} = \vec{b}$  is solvable for every  $\vec{b}$   
means there is a pivot in every row

- (c) If  $T$  is one-to-one, what can you say about the number of pivots of  $A$ ?

# of pivots =  $a$ , since  $A\vec{x} = \vec{b}$  has at most one solution means there is a pivot in every column.