

Quiz # 5: SOLUTIONS

1. *The question was ambiguous: “Differentiate $y = \csc \theta(\theta + \cot \theta)$.” Sorry!*
Some students (validly!) interpreted y as

$$y = \csc(\theta(\theta + \cot \theta))$$

In this case the derivative requires applying the chain rule first. The solution:

$$y' = [-\csc(\theta(\theta + \cot \theta)) \cot(\theta(\theta + \cot \theta))][2\theta + \cot \theta - \theta \csc^2 \theta]$$

Other students (also validly!) interpreted y as

$$y = (\csc \theta)(\theta + \cot \theta)$$

In this case the product rule applies first:

$$y' = \csc \theta - \theta \csc \theta \cot \theta - \csc^3 \theta - \csc \theta \cot^2 \theta$$

If either answer was given correctly then it got full credit.

2. Just use the chain rule:

$$f'(x) = e^{\sin x} \cdot \cos(x)$$

3. Make $f(t) = \sqrt{g(t)}$ where $g(t) = t + \sqrt{h(t)}$ and $h(t) = t + \sqrt{t}$. Then

$$f'(t) = \frac{1}{2}(g(t))^{-\frac{1}{2}} \left[1 + \frac{1}{2}(h(t))^{-\frac{1}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2}t^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right) \right]$$

Then substituting back in $g(t)$ and $h(t)$ we get,

$$f'(t) = \frac{1}{2} \left(t + \sqrt{t + \sqrt{t}} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \left[1 + \frac{1}{2} \left(t + \sqrt{t} \right)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2}t^{-\frac{1}{2}} \right) \right]$$

4. Write y as $y = 2(1 + e^{-x})^{-1}$. Differentiate:

$$y' = -2(1 + e^{-x})^{-2}(-e^{-x}).$$

Then, putting in $x = 0$, we have $m = y'(0) = \frac{1}{2}$. Note $y(0) = 2/2 = 1$. The tangent line is $y - y_0 = m(x - x_0)$ or

$$(y - 1) = \frac{1}{2}(x - 0)$$

or

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1.$$